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EC Type-Approval Certificate

No. DK 0199.47 Revision 2

200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 or 220

NON-AUTOMATIC WEIGHING INSTRUMENT

Issued by DELTA Danish Electronics, Light & Acoustics
EU - Notified Body No. 0199

In accordance with the requirements for the non-automatic weighing instrument of EC Council Directive 2009/23/EC.

Issued to Cardinal Scale Manufacturing Company
203 East Daugherty
P.O. Box 151
Webb City, MO 64870
USA

In respect of Non-automatic weighing instrument designated 200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 or 220 with variants of modules of load receptors, load cells and peripheral equipment.
Accuracy class III and IIII
Maximum capacity, Max: From 1 kg up to 999,999 kg
Verification scale interval: $e = \text{Max} / n$
Maximum number of verification scale intervals: $n = 10000$ for class III, $n = 1000$ for class IIII (however dependent on environment and the composition of the modules).
Variants of modules and conditions for the composition of the modules are set out in the annex.

The conformity with the essential requirements in annex 1 of the Directive is met.

By this the Model 210-FE is included in the type approval.

Note: This revised edition of the certificate replaces previous revisions.

The principal characteristics and approval conditions are set out in the descriptive annex to this certificate.

The annex comprises 22 pages.

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Descriptive annex

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1. Name and type of instrument and modules

The weighing instrument is designated the 200 series which is a system of modules consisting of an electronic indicator, connected to a separate load receptor and peripheral equipment such as printers or other devices, as appropriate. The instrument is a Class III or IIII, self-indicating weighing instrument with single-interval (multi-interval for Model 220 only) and an internal AC mains power supply. The weight indicating instrument is available in one of eight models:

- Model 200 a panel-mount instrument with basic keyboard (see figure 9 and 10)
- Model 205 a desk or wall mount instrument with basic keyboard (see figure 7 and 8)
- Model 210 a desk or wall mount instrument with full function keyboard (see figure 5 and 6)
- Model 210-FE a wall mount instrument with basic keyboard (see figure 11 and 12)
- Model 212G a wall mounted instrument with full function keyboard (see figure 13 and 15)
- Model 212GX a wall mounted instrument with full function keyboard (see figure 14 and 15)
- Model 215 a desk or wall mount instrument with full function keyboard (see figure 3 and 4)
- Model 220 a desk or wall mount instrument with extended full function keyboard (see figure 1 and 2)

The indicators consist of analogue to digital conversion circuitry, microprocessor control circuitry, power supply, keyboard, non-volatile memory for storage of calibration and weight data, and a weight display contained within a single enclosure.

The modules appear from the sections 3.1, 3.2.1 and 3.2.2; the principle of composition of the modules is set out in the sections 6.1 and 10.

2. Description of the construction and function

2.1 Construction

2.1.1 Indicator

The indicator is specified in section 3.1.

Different versions may be found in the following.

2.1.2 Enclosures and keyboard

The Models 205, 210 and Model 215 are housed in stainless steel enclosures 229 mm wide x 178 mm high x 70 mm deep, the Model 210-FE is housed in stainless steel enclosures 381 mm wide x 246 mm high x 79 mm deep, while the Models 212G and 212GX are housed in a polycarbonate enclosure 287 mm wide x 229 mm high x 108 mm deep and the Model 220 is housed in a stainless steel enclosure 276 mm wide x 208 mm high x 79 mm deep. These enclosures can be mounted either on a vertical or horizontal surface and are designed to meet an IP 66 rating and can be exposed to water and dust. They are designed primarily for industrial use but may also be used in an office environment. The Model 200 is housed in a 3/16 DIN panel mount 144 mm wide x 72 mm high x 200 mm deep.

* Models 200 and 205 keyboard

The Model 200 and 205 keyboards contain 7 membrane keys used to control the functions of the instrument.

** Model 210, 210-FE and 215 keyboards

The Model 210, 210-FE and 215 keyboards contain 22 membrane keys used to enter data into the indicator and to control its functions.

*** Model 212G and 212GX keyboard

The Model 212G and 212GX keyboards contain 24 membrane keys used to enter data into the indicator and to control its functions

**** Model 220 keyboard

The Model 220 keyboard contains 27 membrane keys used to enter data into the indicator and to control its functions.

The front panels of the indicators comprise:

- A 7-segment red LED display 14.2 mm in height with a total of six digits and appropriate status indicators (Models 200, 205 and 210), or a 7-segment red LED display 63.5 mm height with a total of six digits and a three digit sixteen segment LED display 20 mm in height used for annunciators (Model 210-FE), or a 15-segment LCD display 20.3 mm high with a total of 12 digits and appropriate status indicators (Model 212G) or a 15-segment LCD display 50.4 mm high with a total of 6 digits and appropriate status indicators (Model 212GX) or a 7-segment back-lit LCD display 25.4 mm in height with a total of six digits and appropriate status indicators (Model 215), or a 14-segment back-lit LCD display 20 mm in height with a total of 12 digits and appropriate status indicators (Model 220 only).
- A keyboard containing either 7 keys (Models 200 and 205) or 22 keys (Models 210, 210-FE and 215) or 24 keys (Model 212G and 212GX) or 27 keys (Model 220) used to enter commands or data to the weight indicator. Each key is identified with a name and / or pictograph.

The rear panel of the Models 205 (see figure 8), 210 (see figure 6), 210-FE (see figure 12), 212G and 212GX (see figure 15), 215 (see figure 4) and 220 (see figure 2) enclosure contain the following:

- A mains voltage power cord, detachable except for Model 210-FE.
- A gland connector for access to the load cell input terminal block located inside the enclosure.
- A gland connector for cable access to the two serial data interfaces (RS232).
- A gland connector for cable access to the optional analogue output board or optional data interface.
- A gland connector for cable access to the command input terminal block and / or preset weight comparator logic-level output.

The rear panel of the Model 215 (see figure 4) contains the following:

- Access panel for the battery.

The rear panel of the Model 220 (see figure 2) contains the following:

- A detachable mains voltage power cord.
- A load cell input terminal block.
- A terminal block for the serial interfaces.
- A terminal block for the command input.

Electronics

Models 205, 210, 210-FE and 215 weight indicating instruments use a single printed circuit board, which contains all of the instrument circuitry. The Model 212G and 212GX use the same printed circuit board used in the Models 205, 210 and 215 and have a second printed circuit board to hold the

display. The Model 215 contains a separate board for the battery charging circuitry. Model 200 uses two printed circuit boards; one for the controller and analogue circuitry and the other for the display. The metrological circuitry for all eight models of weight indicator is identical. Two options boards are available. One option board provides an analogue output while the second option board provides a data interface. The weight-indicating instrument will accept only one option board.

The weight indicating instruments use an Atmel Atmega 103 8-bit microcontroller which has 128 kb of flash program memory, 4 kb of static RAM and 4 kb of EEPROM. The Model 220 has a total of 128 kb of RAM for data storage. All instrument calibration and metrological setup data is contained in non-volatile memory. The power supply is a universal switching type and can accept an input voltage of from 90 to 264 VAC 50 or 60 Hz. The indicator produces a load cell excitation voltage of 12 VDC when powered from the power mains or, if configured for battery operation, a load cell excitation voltage of 8 VDC.

2.1.3 Load receptors, load cells and load receptor supports

Set out in section 3.2.

2.1.4 Interfaces and peripheral equipment

Set out in section 4.

2.2 Function

The Model 200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 weight indicating instruments are microcontroller based electronic weight indicators that require the external connection of strain gauge load cells. The weight information appears in the digital display located on the front panel and may be transmitted to peripheral equipment for recording, processing or display. All eight weight indicating instruments are available for operation from mains at 90 to 264 VAC 50 or 60 Hz. Model 215 may be operated from ten AA size 2300 mAh NiMH cells contained within the indicator enclosure or from the power mains.

The primary functions provided are detailed below.

2.2.1 Power-up

On power-up, the weight indicator will perform a display test, then show the instrument model number followed by the software revision level for three seconds. After that it will display the current weight using either the previously established zero reference or, if configured to do so, will automatically establish the current weight as a new zero reference.

2.2.2 Test function

On power-up of Models 200, 205, 210, 210-FE 212G, 212GX, and 215, the indicator will test all memory functions followed by a display test. The display test consists of turning on all horizontal segments followed by turning on all vertical segments and decimal points then turning on all annunciators. On power-up of the Model 220 weight indicator, the display will show both the upper and lower case letters A through Z followed by numerals 0 through 9. Each test segment takes about one second.

At the conclusion of the display test, the indicator displays the model number and software version. The test sequence, including the display of "C" numbers, may be manually initiated by pressing the ASTERISK key followed by pressing the UNITS key.

2.2.3 Display range

The weight indicators will display weight from -99,999e to Max +9e (gross weight) within the limits of the display capacity.

2.2.4 Zero-setting

Pressing the ZERO key causes a new zero reference to be established and the ZERO (→0← or ZERO) annunciator to turn on indicating the display is at the centre of zero.

Zero-setting range: 4 % of Max.

Initial zero-setting range: 4 % of Max.

Zero-setting can only take place when the weight display is not in motion.

2.2.5 Zero-tracking

The Models 200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 weight indicators are equipped with a zero-tracking feature which operates over a range of 4 % of Max and only when the indicator is at gross zero and there is no motion in the weight display.

2.2.6 Units

The UNITS key may be used to select the units in which the weight is displayed. The selected unit of measure is indicated in the weight display. The models 200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 can be configured to display in units of pounds, kilograms, grams, ounces, and tons. Models 200, 205, 210, 212G, 212GX and 215 can also be configured to display weight in pounds and ounces while a custom unit of measure can be selected for the Model 220 only.

2.2.7 Tare

All eight instrument models are provided with a semi-automatic subtractive tare while only Models 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 have a keyboard preset tare feature.

2.2.7.1 Semi-automatic tare

When the semi-automatic tare feature has been selected, pressing the TARE key will enter the currently displayed weight value as the new tare weight value. The weight display will automatically change to the net weight display mode and turn the NET annunciator on. This tare value can be cleared by pressing the TARE key when there is no load on the load receptor. This tare entry can not take place if the load receptor is in motion or if a print operation is taking place.

2.2.7.2 Preset (numeric) tare

Only the Models 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 have a preset or numeric tare feature, which allows the manual entry of a known tare value. Press the appropriate numeric keys to enter the known tare weight, then press the TARE key. When the TARE key is pressed, the numeric value entered will be accepted as the new tare weight and the display will automatically enter the net weight display mode as indicated by turning the NET annunciator on. The tare value entered must agree with the verification scale interval, e.

2.2.8 Net / gross indication

Once a valid tare weight, other than zero, has been stored, the weight display can be switched from a gross weight only display to a net weight display mode by pressing the NET / GROSS key. Each time the key is pressed, the display will alternate between the net and gross display modes.

2.2.9 Printing

A printer may be connected to the selected serial data port. In the net display mode, all eight models of weight indicators will transmit the gross, tare and net weights to the printer each time the PRINT key is pressed. In the gross mode, only the gross weight is transmitted. The Models 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 will also transmit the time and date and identification if configured to do so. All eight models of weight indicators can be programmed to include additional data in the form of customer name or number on the printed record. The print will not take place if the load receptor is not stable, if the gross weight is less than zero, if the weight exceeds Max or during data entry from the keyboard.

2.2.10 Display test

A self-test routine is initiated by pressing the ON/OFF key to turn the instrument off, then pressing it again to turn the instrument ON or by pressing the ASTERISK key then pressing the UNITS/TEST key. In the Models 200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX and 215 weight indicators, the test routine consists of turning on all display elements to verify that the display is fully functional. In the Model 220 weight indicator, the test routine consists of displaying both the upper case and lower case characters for letters "A" through "Z" followed by the numerals 0 through 9 and then the four "C" numbers.

2.2.11 Time and date

Only the Models 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 weight indicators have a time and date feature. To view and / or reset the time and date, press the TIME/DATE key. The time and date settings can be viewed and / or reset using the numeric and ENTER keys. The time and date information are retained in battery-backed memory and will continue to be stored during power outages.

2.2.12 Operator information messages

All eight models of weight indicator have a number of general and diagnostic messages which are described in detail in the 200 Series Owner's Manual and in the Model 220 Owner's Manual.

2.2.13 Software version

The software revision level is displayed during the power-up sequence of the instrument.

2.2.14 Multi-interval feature

Only the Model 220 weight indicator may be configured during setup for operation as a multi-interval indicator. The weight indicator allows a maximum of two ranges.

2.2.15 Multi-point calibration feature

Only the Model 220 weight indicator may be calibrated with a multi-point calibration feature. A maximum of three calibration points (one of which is at no-load or Min) may be used with the Model 220 to compensate for non-linearity within the system.

2.2.16 Electronic tally roll

Only the Model 220 weight indicator is provided with an electronic tally roll feature to store weight and consecutive number for each transaction transmitted to an external computing peripheral. This data is stored in non-volatile memory and has a capacity of 7000 transactions. Once capacity has been reached, subsequent transactions will replace the earliest transactions. The contents of the file can be displayed on the indicator's display screen.

2.2.17 High resolution weight display

All eight models of weight indicators are provided with the high resolution display feature where the weight is displayed in increments of one tenth e. The high resolution mode can only be enabled while the instrument is in the calibration mode

2.3 Available options

2.3.1 Analogue output card

The analogue output card provides an analogue representation of the displayed weight using a 14-bit D/A converter. The output is provided in both a 0 to 10 volt and a 4 to 20 mA format. The outputs are accessed via a terminal block within the instrument enclosure. This option is available only for Models 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220.

2.3.2 Battery operation

Model 215 can be operated from an internal battery. This battery is made up of ten rechargeable NiMH type 2300 mAH cells. The weight indicator contains the circuitry necessary to recharge the battery when the indicator is connected to the power mains.

2.3.3 Data interface card

The data interface card provides a third interface option for special interface types that may be required by the application. This card and the analogue output card are mutually exclusive

3. Technical data

The weighing instrument is composed of separate modules, which are set out as follows:

3.1 Indicator

The indicator has the following characteristics:

Type:	200 Series (Models 200, 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220)
Accuracy class:	III and IIII
Weighing range:	Single-interval (Models 200, 205, 210 210-FE, 212G, 212GX and 215) Dual-interval (Model 220)
Maximum number of Verification Scale Intervals:	10000 (class III). 1000 (class IIII)
Internal resolution:	> 100,000 counts
Maximum tare effect:	-Max
Factional factor:	$p'I = 0.5$
Minimum input voltage per VSI:	0.7 μ V
Minimum signal voltage for dead load:	1 mV
Excitation voltage:	12 VDC when operated from power mains 8 VDC, battery operation (215 only)
Maximum analogue range:	1 to 40 mV
Circuit for remote sense:	Active
Minimum input impedance:	44 ohm (25 ohm for Model 220 only)
Maximum input impedance:	1000 ohm
Mains power supply:	90 to 260 VAC (50 or 60 Hz)
Peripheral interface:	Set out in section 4

3.1.1 Connecting cable between the indicator and a junction box for load cell(s), if any

Cable between Indicator and load cell(s): 6 wires (sense), shielded

Maximum cable length between indicator and junction box (J-box) for load cell(s), if any:

- Option 1: 385 m/mm²

In the case (n) for the weighing instrument is less than (n) mentioned above, the following applies:

- Option 2:

Coefficient of temperature of the span error of the indicator: $E_s = 0.001$ [% / 25K]

Coefficient of resistance for the wires in the J-box cable: $S_x = 0.005$ [% / ohm]

$L/A_{max} = 295.86 / S_x * (emp / n - E_s)$ [m / mm²] in which $emp = p'I * mpe * 100 / e$

From this, the maximum cable length for the weighing instrument may be calculated with regard to (n) for the actual configuration of the instrument.

Reference: See section 10

The calculation program is obtainable by downloading at www.delta.dk/weighing.

3.2 Load receptors, load cells and load receptor supports

Removable platforms shall be equipped with level indicators.

3.2.1 General acceptance of modules

Any load cell(s) may be used for instruments under this certificate of type approval provided the following conditions are met:

- 1) There is a OIML Certificate of Conformity (R60) or a test certificate (EN 45501) issued for the load cell by a Notified Body responsible for type examination under the Directive 2009/23/EC.
- 2) The certificate contains the load cell types and the necessary load cell data required for the manufacturer's declaration of compatibility of modules (WELMEC 2, Issue 5, 2009, No. 11), and any particular installation requirements. A load cell marked HN is allowed only if humidity testing to EN 45501 has been conducted on this load cell.
- 3) The compatibility of load cells and indicator is established by the manufacturer by means of the compatibility of modules form, contained in the above WELMEC 2 document, or the like, at the time of EC verification or declaration of EC conformity of type.
- 4) The load transmission must conform to one of the examples shown in the WELMEC 2.4 Guide for load cells.

3.2.2 Load cells

The load cells, which are listed below are certified as modules in the weighing instrument.

Manufacturer	Load cell type
Cardinal	SCA
Cardinal	CB6
Cardinal	TSP
Cardinal	SB
Cardinal	TB
Cardinal	LFB
Cardinal	DB

3.2.3 Weigh bridge platforms

Construction in brief	All-steel or steel-reinforced concrete construction, surface or pit mounted
Reduction ratio	1
Junction box	Mounted in or on the platform
Load cells	Cardinal SCA, DB or other authorised alternative
Drawings	no. 3500-B089-0A and no. 3500-B018-0A (50,000 lb) no. 3500-B094-0A (100,000 lb)

3.2.4 Bin, Tank, Hopper and non-standard systems

Construction in brief	Load cell assemblies each consisting of a load cell stand assembly to support one of the mounting feet bin, tank or hopper
Reduction ratio	1
Junction box	Mounted on dead structure
Load cell	Any R60 certified load cell according to section 3.3
Drawings	Various

3.3 Composition of modules

In case of composition of modules, EN 45501 paragraph 3.5 and 4.12 shall be satisfied.

4. Interfaces and peripheral equipment

4.1 Interfaces

The interfaces are characterised "Protective interfaces" according to paragraph 8.4 in the Directive.

4.1.1 Load cell interface

A 7-terminal connector for the load cell is positioned on the instrument circuit board and is accessed through a gland connector on the rear panel of the instrument enclosure. The load cell interface on the Model 200 panel mount weight indicator is a 7-terminal connector accessible from the rear of the enclosure.

4.1.2 Printer interface

A 3-terminal connector for the printer is positioned on the instrument circuit board and is accessed through a gland connector on the rear panel of the instrument enclosure. The printer interface on the Model 200 panel mount weight indicator is a 3-terminal connector accessible from the rear of the enclosure.

4.1.3 Serial I/O interface

A 4-terminal connector providing a bi-directional RS232 compatible interface is positioned on the instrument circuit board and is accessed through a gland connector on the rear panel of the instrument enclosure. The serial I/O on the Model 200 panel mount weight indicator is a 4-terminal connector accessible from the rear of the enclosure.

4.1.4 Logic-level inputs

A 5-terminal connector providing logic-level inputs for the Zero, Tare, Gross and Print functions is positioned on the instrument circuit board and is accessed through a gland connector on the rear panel of the instrument enclosure. The logic-level inputs on the Model 200 panel mount weight indicator are accessible via a 5-terminal connector on the rear of the enclosure. On the Model 220, a 10-terminal connector providing logic-level inputs for Zero, Tare, Gross/Net, Print, Start, Stop and Dump is positioned on the instrument circuit board and is accessed through a gland connector on the rear panel of the Model 220 instrument enclosure.

4.1.5 Logic level outputs

A multi-terminal connector providing logic-level outputs for either the check-weigher feature (Over, Under and Accept) or for three preset weight comparators (Models 210 and 215 only) or for eight preset weight comparators (Model 220 only). A 4-terminal connector is used for the Models 215 and 210 while a 10-terminal connector is used for the Model 220. Access to the connector is made through a gland connector located on the rear panel of the instrument enclosure.

4.1.6 Analogue output

When provided with the optional analogue output, a 3-terminal connector provides both 0 to 10 volts and 4 to 20 mA analogue representations of the displayed weight. These terminals are positioned on the option card connected to the main printed circuit board and accessed through a gland connector on the rear panel of the instrument enclosure. The optional analogue output in the Model 200 panel mount weight indicator is accessed through a 3-terminal connector accessible from the rear of the enclosure.

4.2 Peripheral equipment

Connection between the indicator and peripheral equipment is allowed by screened cable.

The instrument may be connected to any simple peripheral device with a CE mark of conformity.

4.2.1 Cardinal P220 Thermal Label Printer

The Cardinal P220 Thermal Label Printer is a RS232 serial driven label printer. It has a self test facility which provides information of the software version and setup of the printer.

4.2.2 Cardinal P400 Dot Matrix Ticket Printer

The Cardinal P400 Dot Matrix Ticket Printer is a RS232 serial driven ticket printer. It has a self test facility which provides information of the software version and setup of the printer.

4.2.3 Cardinal P500 Printer

The Cardinal P500 printer is a RS232 serial driven tally roll printer. It is equipped with automatic paper out detection which signals an error to a lamp on the front panel of the printer and also to the indicator if the printer runs out of paper. The printer has an on / off power switch, a key for paper feed and a key for switching between on-line and off-line. The printer is powered by a mains adapter for 230 Vac / 12 Vdc or 110 Vac / 12 dc.

5. Approval conditions

5.1 Measurement functions other than non-automatic functions

Measurement functions that will enable the use of the instrument as an automatic weighing instrument are not covered by this type approval.

5.2 Piece counting

Piece counting is not covered by this approval

5.3 Compatibility of modules

In case of composition of modules, WELMEC 2 (Issue 5) 2009, paragraph 11 shall be satisfied.

6. Special conditions for verification

6.1 Composition of modules

The environmental conditions should be taken into consideration by the composition of modules for a complete weighing instrument, for example instruments with load receptors placed outdoors and having no special protection against the weather.

The composition of modules shall agree with section 5.3.

An example of a declaration of conformity document is shown in section 10.

7. Securing and location of seals and verification marks

7.1 Securing and sealing

Seals shall bear the verification mark of a notified body or alternative mark of the manufacturer according to ANNEX II, section 2.3 of the Directive 2009/23/EC.

7.1.1 Indicator

Access to the configuration and calibration facility is achieved by pressing and releasing the internal calibration switch (located on the enclosure rear panel). This is accomplished by removing the calibration switch screw from the rear panel on the instrument enclosure and inserting a small screwdriver or similar device into the opening and pressing the calibration switch button. Sealing of the access to the switch is accomplished with a lead wire seal. The wire is passed through the hole in the head of the calibration switch screw and an adjacent fixed hole.

7.1.2 Indicator - load cell connector - load receptor

Securing of the indicator, load receptor and load cell combined is done by one of the following ways:

- sealing of the load cell connector / cable by a lead wire seal
- inserting the serial number of the load receptor as part of the principal inscriptions contained on the indicator identification label
- the load receptor bears the serial number of the indicator on its data plate.

7.1.3 Junction box for load cells

Access to the junction box, if any, is prevented by the use of lead wire seals or by sealing it with brittle plastic stickers.

7.1.4 Peripheral interfaces

All peripheral interfaces are "protective"; they neither allow manipulation with weighing data or Legal Setup, nor change of the performance of the weighing instrument in any way that would alter the legality of the weighing.

7.2 Verification marks

7.2.1 Indicator

A green M-sticker and a sticker with verification marks may be placed on the front of the indicator.

7.2.2 Remote display

A remote display shall bear a green M-sticker, if used for trade purposes.

7.2.3 Printers used for legal transactions

Printers covered by this type of approval and other printers according to section 4.2 shall bear a green M-sticker, if they are used for legal transactions.

7.2.4 Non-verified peripheral equipment

If such equipment is connected to the weighing instrument, it shall bear a red M-sticker

8. Location of CE mark of conformity and inscriptions

8.1 Indicator

8.1.1 CE mark

A sticker with the CE mark of conformity and year of production is located on the identification plate which is located on the back of the enclosure for the Model 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 weight indicators. The sticker is located on the front panel of the panel-mounted Model 200 weight indicator.

8.1.2 Inscriptions

Manufacturer's trademark and name and the type designation is located on the front panel overlay.

On a single brittle plastic sticker located on the back of the Models 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 weight indicator enclosures and on the front panel of the Model 200 weight indicator:

- Certificate No. and the accuracy class

Indelibly printed on a brittle plastic sticker located on the front panel overlay:

- Max, Min, e=

On a label located on the back of the Model 205, 210, 210-FE, 212G, 212GX, 215 and 220 weight indicator enclosures and on the front panel of the panel-mounted Model 200 weight indicator enclosure:

- Model No., Serial No., electrical data and other inscriptions

8.2 Load receptors

On a data plate:

- Manufacturer's name, type, serial number, capacity

Left to the manufacturer's choice as provided in section 7.1.2:

- Serial no. of the indicator.

9. Pictures



Figure 1
Model 220 Front Panel

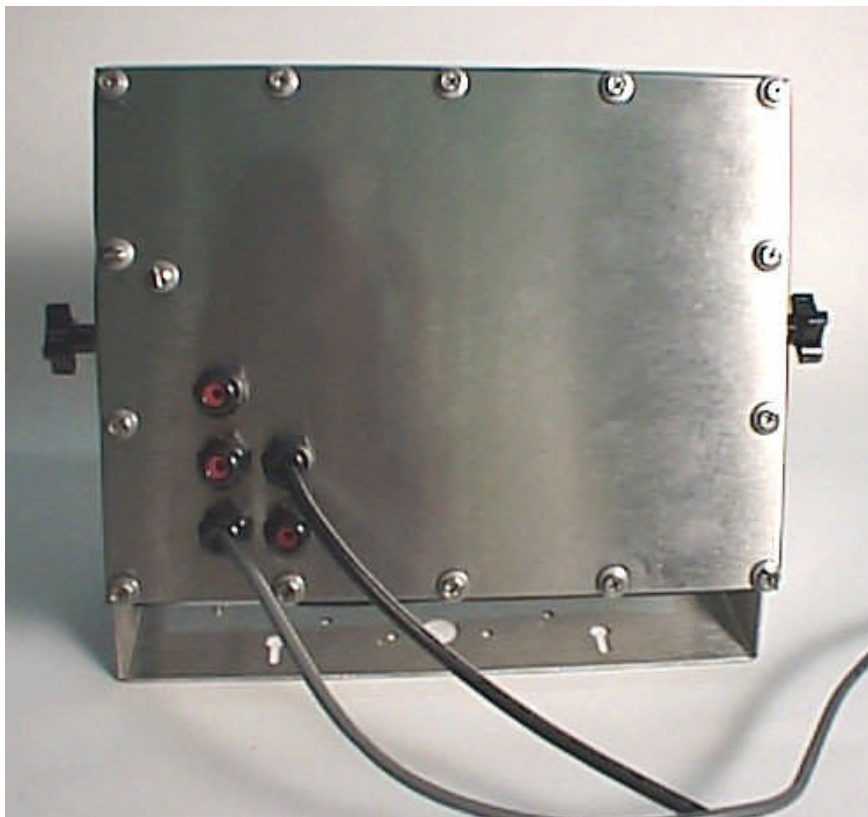


Figure 2
Model 220 Rear Panel



Figure 3
Model 215 Front Panel

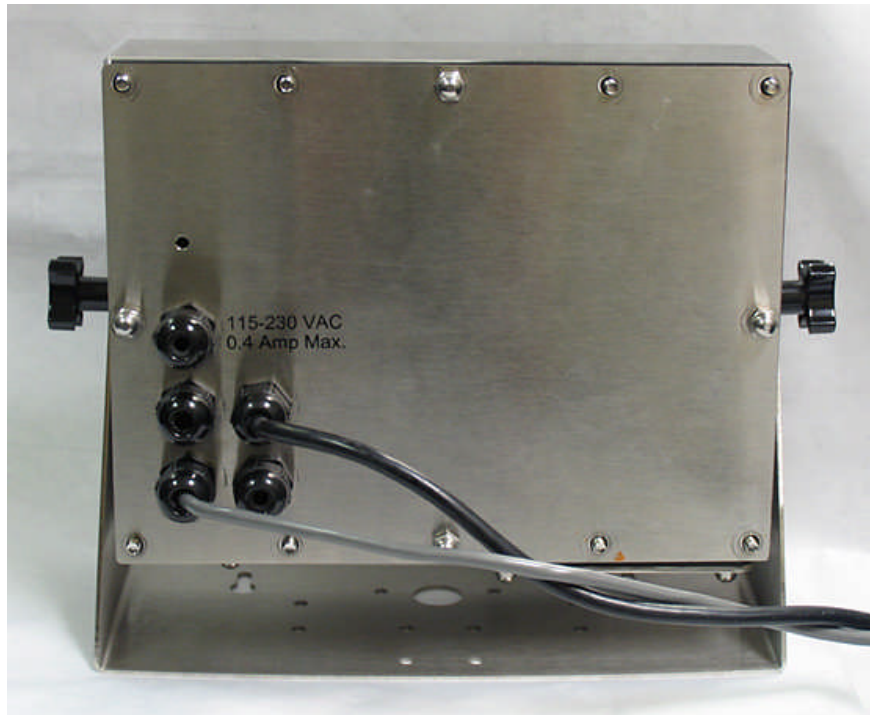


Figure 4
Model 215 Rear Panel



Figure 5
Model 210 Front Panel

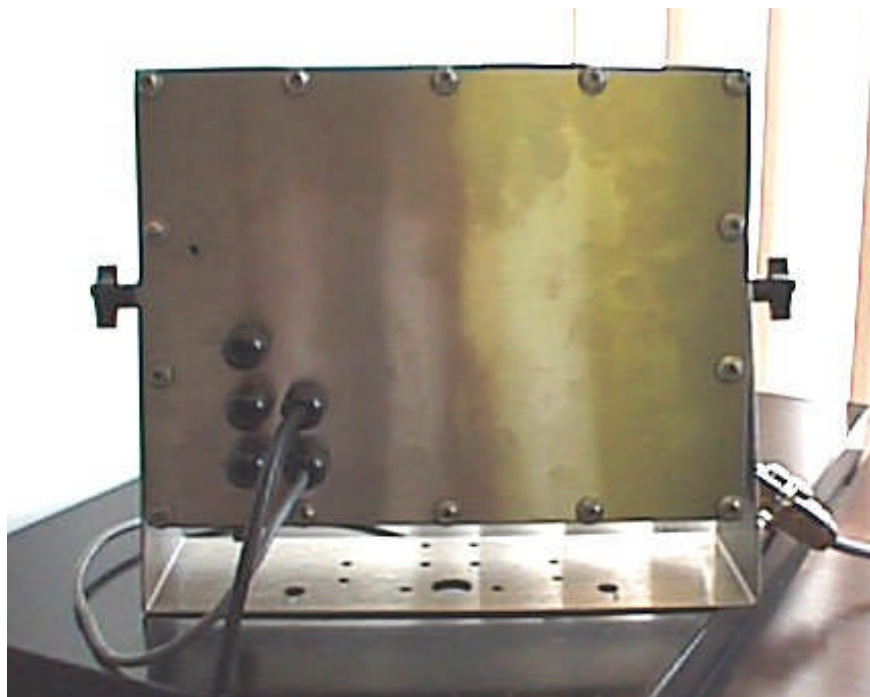


Figure 6
Model 210 Rear Panel



Figure 7
Model 205 Front panel

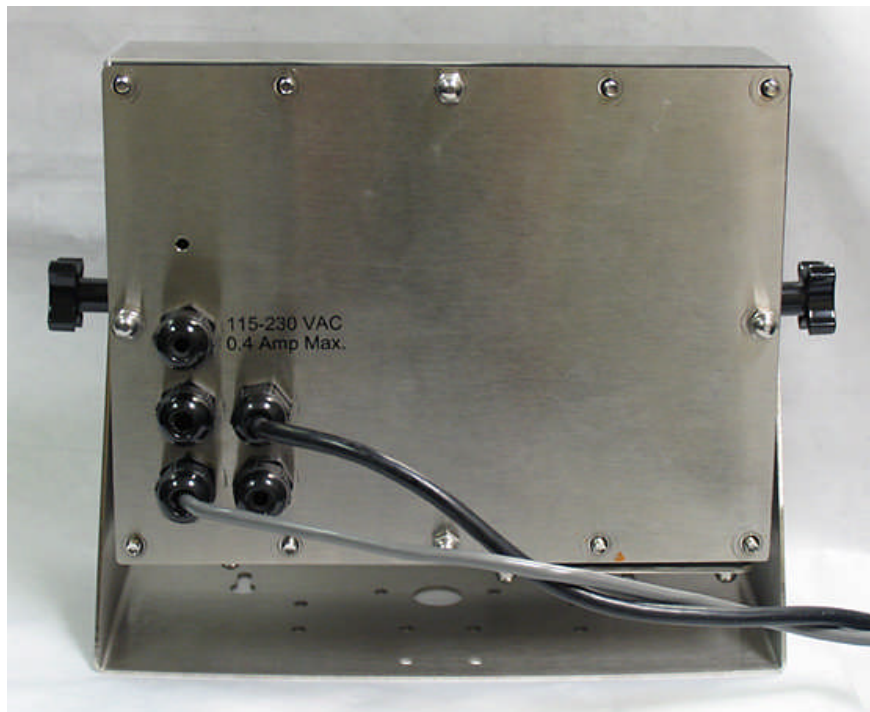


Figure 8
Model 205 Back panel



Figure 9
Model 200 Front Panel



Figure 10
Model 200 Rear Panel



Figure 11
Model 210-FE Front Panel



Figure 12
Model 210-FE Rear Panel



Figure 13
Model 212G Front Panel



Figure 14
Model 212GX Front Panel

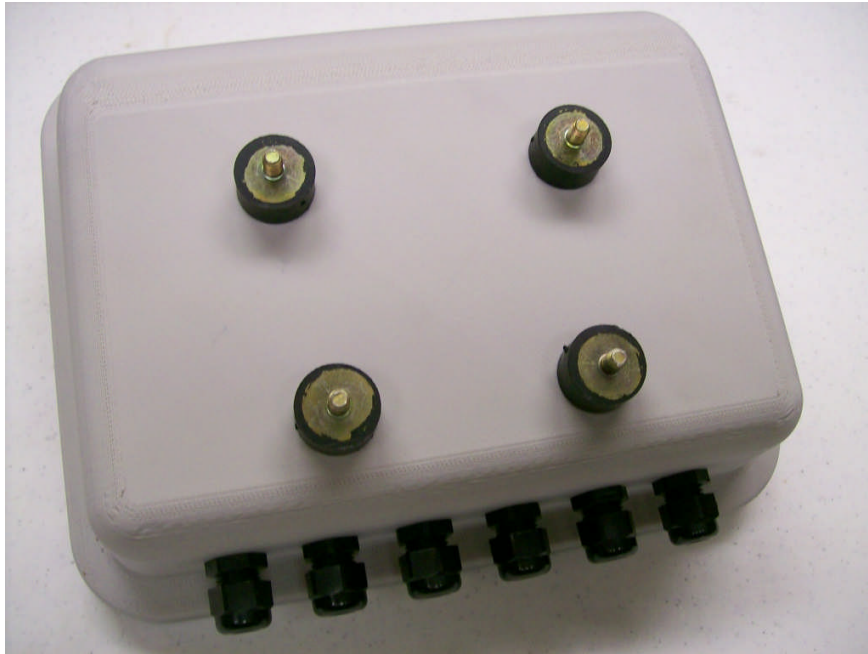


Figure 15
Model 212G, 212GX Rear Panel

10. Composition of modules – exemplified

COMPATIBILITY OF MODULES

Ref.: WELMEC 2

Non-Automatic Weighing Instrument, single-interval

Certificate of EU Type-Approval N°:

TAC: DK0199.47

INDICATOR

A/D (Module 1)

Type: 210

Accuracy class according to EN 45501 and OIML R76:
Maximum number of verification scale intervals (t_{max}):
Fraction of maximum permissible error (mpe):
Load cell excitation voltage:
Minimum input-voltage per verification scale interval:
Minimum load cell impedance:
Coefficient of temperature of the span error:
Coefficient of resistance for the wires in the J-box cable:
Specific J-box cable-Length to the junction box for load cells:
Load cell interface:
Additive tare, if available:
Initial zero setting range
Temperature range
Test report (TR), Test Certificate (TC) or OIML Certificate of Conformity:

Class _{Ind} (I, II, III or IIII)	III
n_{Ind}	10000
p_1	0.5
U_{exc} [Vdc]	12
ΔU_{min} [μV]	0.66
R_{Lmin} [Ω]	44
E_s [% / 25°C]	0.001
S_x [% / Ω]	0.005
$(L/A)_{max}$ [m / mm ²]	385
6-wire (remote sense)	
T^* [% of Max]	0
IZSR [% of Max]	-2 / 2
T_{min} / T_{max} [°C]	-10 / 40
OIML: R76/1992-DK-01.02	

LOAD RECEPTOR

(Module 2)

Type: FH 4x5

Construction:

Platform:

Fraction of mpe:
Number of load cells:
Reduction ratio of the load transmitting device:
Dead load of load receptor
Non uniform distribution of the load
Correction factor:
 $Q = 1 + (DL + T^* + IZSR^* + NUD) / 100$

p_2	0.5
N	4
$R = F_M / F_L$	1
DL [% of Max]	10
NUD [% of Max]	20
Q	1.32

LOAD CELL

ANALOG (Module 3)

Type: TB-500-C3

Accuracy class according to OIML R60:
Maximum number of load cell intervals:
Fraction of mpe:
Rated output (sensitivity):
Input resistance of single load cell:
Minimum load cell verification interval: ($v_{min\%} = 100 / Y$)
Rated capacity:
Minimum dead load, relative
Temperature range
Test report (TR) or Test Certificate (TC/OIML) as appropriate

Class _{LC} (A, B, C or D)	C
n_{LC}	3000
p_3	0.7
C [mV / V]	2
R_{LC} [Ω]	350
$v_{min\%}$ [% of E_{max}]	0.01
E_{max} [kg]	500
$(E_{min} / E_{max}) * 100$ [%]	0
T_{min} / T_{max} [°C]	-10 / 40
DK 0199 R60.10	

COMPLETE WEIGHING INSTRUMENT

Single-interval:

Manufacturer:

Type: 210+FH

Accuracy class according to EN 45501 and OIML R76:
Fractions: $p_i = p_1^2 + p_2^2 + p_3^2$:
Maximum capacity:
Number of verification scale intervals:
Verification scale interval
Utilisation ratio of the load cell
Input voltage (from the load cells):
Cross-section of each wire in the J-box cable:
J-box cable-Length
Temperature range to be marked on the instrument
Peripheral Equipment subject to legal control

Class _M (I, II, III or IIII)	III
p_i	1.0
Max [kg]	1500
n	3000
e [kg]	0.5
$\alpha = (Max / E_{max}) * (R / N)$	0.75
$\Delta_u = C * U_{exc} * \alpha * 1000 / n$ [$\mu V/e$]	6.00
A [mm ²]	0.22
L [m]	300
T_{min} / T_{max} [°C]	Not required
Cardinal P500 printer	

Acceptance criteria for compatibility		Passed, provided no result below is < 0	
Class _M	\leq Class _{Ind} & Class _{LC} (WELMEC 2: 1)	Class _M	PASSED
p_i	\leq 1 (R76: 3.5.4.1)	$1 - p_i =$	0.0
n	\leq n_{max} for the class (R76: 3.2)	n_{max} for the class - n =	7000
n	\leq n_{Ind} (WELMEC 2: 4)	$n_{Ind} - n =$	7000
n	\leq n_{LC} (R76: 4.12.2)	$n_{LC} - n =$	0
E_{min}	\leq DL * R / N (WELMEC 2: 6d)	$(DL * R / N) - E_{min} =$	37.5
$v_{min} * \sqrt{N} / R$	\leq e (R76: 4.12.3)	$e - (v_{min} * \sqrt{N} / R) =$	0.400
or (if v_{min} is not given)		Alternative solutions: $\uparrow \downarrow$	
$(E_{max} / n_{LC}) * (\sqrt{N} / R)$	\leq e (WELMEC 2: 7)	$e - ((E_{max} / n_{LC}) * (\sqrt{N} / R)) =$	5.34
ΔU_{min}	\leq ΔU (WELMEC 2: 8)	$\Delta U - \Delta U_{min} =$	44
R_{Lmin}	\leq R_{LC} / N (WELMEC 2: 9)	$(R_{LC} / N) - R_{Lmin} =$	44
L / A	\leq $(L / A)_{max}^{WI}$ (WELMEC 2: 10)	$(L / A)_{max}^{WI} - (L / A) =$	56
T_{range}	\leq $T_{max} - T_{min}$ (R76: 3.9.2.2)	$(T_{max} - T_{min}) - T_{range} =$	20
$Q * Max * R / N$	\leq E_{max} (R76: 4.12.1)	$E_{max} - (Q * Max * R / N) =$	5.0

Signature and date:

Conclusion **PASSED**

This is an authentic document made from the program:
Compatibility of NAWI-modules version 3.2.

